

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/466,236	12/17/1999	HADI PARTOVI	22379-701	9914
7590 01/11/2006			EXAMINER	
	IURABITO & HAO I MARKET STREET TH	POND, ROBERT M		
SAN JOSE, CA 95113			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3625	

DATE MAILED: 01/11/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/466,236	PARTOVI ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Robert M. Pond	3625				
The MAILING DATE of this communication арр Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D/ - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status	·					
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>15 Ju</u>	ılv 2005					
	•					
<u> </u>	,—					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	33 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims	,					
4) Claim(s) 2-18,20-28,30,31,33-35,37-47,49,51	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>2-18,20-28,30,31,33-35,37-47,49,51 and 53-61</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) 2-18,20-28,30,31,33-35,37-47,49,51 and 53-61 is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.	* 14				
Application Papers	,					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	,					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
	•					
	•.					
Attachment(s)	_	.				
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 3/\$4/00;7/18/00. 6) \(\text{Other: } \frac{1449: 3/30/01}{1.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5						

Art Unit: 3625

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

The Applicant amended claims, canceled claims, and newly added claims 54-61. All pending claims (2-18, 20-28, 30, 31, 33-35, 37-47, 49, 51, and 53-61) were examined in this final office action necessitated by amendment. The Examiner is suggesting the Applicant consider a telephonic interview for further discussions.

Response to Arguments

Pertaining to Rejection under 35 USC 103(a) in previous office action

Applicant's arguments filed 15 July 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

- Motivation to combine: Previously cited PR Newswire teaches BroadVision's patent for its One-to-One commerce application. Voice Commerce provides an obvious motivation to combine with PR Newswire with anticipation of success, and Voice Commerce in combination with PR Newswire discloses, teaches, and/or suggests claimed subject matter.
- <u>Unconsolidated merchants:</u> Voice Commerce and PR Newswire teach
 BroadVision's commerce application servicing at least one merchant,
 an electronic mall with multiple storefronts, and further teaches

Art Unit: 3625

Page 3

merchants desiring to retain their legacy electronic storefronts.

Examiner's interpretation: multiple single merchants can each implement BroadVision's commerce application or multiple merchants can be aggregated in an electronic mall while each retains independence from other merchant.

- teach providing a uniform interface: Voice Commerce and PR Newswire teach providing a uniform interface regardless of the merchant's commerce model. Sufficient reference is cited to support merchants desiring to maintain their commerce models while presenting a single interface to the customer. Voice Commerce teaches users simply saying what they want without having to learn to use new technologies or devices (Paper #18, U: page 2). Voice Commerce and PR Newswire further teach the application architecture enabling end-users to receive consistent functionality and service through whatever interface they choose, a common set of business rules, application programming interfaces, and transaction middleware. Examiner's interpretation:
- Single Command Model: Voice Commerce and PR Newswire teach
 the heart of Nuance's voice commerce applications being VoxML
 requiring only simple voice commands from users to conduct electronic
 commerce transactions over the telephone or other connected devices.

Pertaining to Rejection under 35 USC 103(a) in the previous office action

Applicant's arguments filed 15 July 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Voice Commerce relies upon a previously cited collection of non-patent literature references that now includes an additional reference that clearly discloses support for a single voice command model, and discloses the use of BroadVision's One-to-One web commerce application being adapted to support voice commerce and web commerce users. Previously cited PR Newswire teaches BroadVision's patent for its One-to-One commerce application. Voice Commerce provides an obvious motivation to combine with PR Newswire with anticipation of success, and Voice Commerce in combination with PR Newswire and Official Notice discloses, teaches, and/or suggests subject matter of Claims 4, 2, and 39.

Pertaining to Rejection under 35 USC 103(a) in the previous office action

Applicant's arguments filed 15 July 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Voice Commerce relies upon a previously cited collection of non-patent literature references that now includes an additional reference that clearly discloses support for a single voice command model, and discloses the use of BroadVision's One-to-One web commerce application being adapted to support voice commerce and web commerce users. Previously cited PR Newswire teaches BroadVision's patent for its One-to-One commerce application. Voice Commerce provides an obvious motivation to combine with PR Newswire with anticipation of success, and Voice Commerce in combination with

PR Newswire and Business Wire discloses, teaches, and/or suggests subject matter of claims 8-10, 26-28, 30, 31, 33-35, 37, 42-44, 56, and 57.

Pertaining to Rejection under 35 USC 103(a) in the previous office action

Applicant's arguments filed 15 July 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Voice Commerce relies upon a previously cited collection of non-patent literature references that now includes an additional reference that clearly discloses support for a single voice command model, and discloses the use of BroadVision's One-to-One web commerce application being adapted to support voice commerce and web commerce users. Previously cited PR Newswire teaches BroadVision's patent for its One-to-One commerce application. Voice Commerce provides an obvious motivation to combine with PR Newswire and Official Notice with anticipation of success, and Voice Commerce in combination with PR Newswire and Official Notice discloses, teaches, and/or suggests subject matter of Claims 16 and 18.

Art Unit: 3625

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 2-3, 5-7, 11-15, 17, 20-21, 23-25, 38, 40, 41, 45-47, 49, 51, 53-55, and 58-61 are rejected under 35 USC 103(a) as being unpatentable over Voice Commerce (a collection of articles cited in Paper #18, PTO-892, Items: U-X and VV, and Paper #20050105, PTO-892, Item: U, hereinafter referred to as "VC"), in view of in view of PR Newswire (Paper #18, PTO-892, Item: UU).

VC teaches voice commerce (v-commerce) taking electronic commerce to the next level by adding the ability to complete any or all of the three phases of a transaction- -the shopping or information gathering, purchase, and post sales actions such as order status and support- -by speaking over a telephone or other connected device to an automated speech recognition system. VC teaches v-commerce making it easy to use- -users simply say what they want without having to learn to use new technologies or devices (Paper #18, U: see at least page 4) and providing voice commands over telephones for transactions now conducted on the Web using browsers (W: see at least page 1). VC teaches Motorola's VoxML being at the heart of v-commerce that simplifies embedding

speech into web pages and can be used in call center or computer telephony applications (Paper #18, V: see at least page 1). VC teaches further teaches:

- Providing a single command commerce model: complete transactions for equities and mutual funds over the telephone, obtain status; natural language speech recognition (#18, U: see at least page 1); VoxML (based on HTML or hypertext markup language) lets people use telephones and simple voice commands to get information from the Internet (please note examiner's interpretation: i) single words like "Buy" or "Sell" are simple and single voice commands, ii) natural language speech recognition recognizes single voice commands) (U: see at least page 1).
- Receiving an audio purchase requests over the telephone interface:
 IVR and telephony platforms (please note: IVR is an acronym for Interactive Voice Response); customer voice interface functionality (e.g. voice in/out, voice in/web or device out) involving dialogue over the phone with a stand-alone speech system or integrated business server with services accessible over the phone or over the Web (#18, U: see at least page 3).

VC teaches all the above as noted under the 103(a) rejection and further teaches a) BroadVision's participating in v-commerce with Motorola, Visa International, and Nuance Communication (#18, U: see at least page 1; #18, W: see at least page 1; #18, X: see at least page 1), b) BroadVision adapting its One-to-One server with speech recognition technology (#18, W: see at least

Art Unit: 3625

Page 8

page 1; #18, X: see at least page 2), and c) the combination of BroadVision and Nuance providing customer self-service transactions from the most convenient device, whether it be a web browser or a telephone and extending the benefits of personalized services to 800 million telephones and other connected devices (#18, X: see at least page 2). VC, however, does not disclose specifics about BroadVision's One-to-One electronic commerce application. PR Newswire teaches BroadVision being issued US Patent No. 5,710,887 (hereinafter referred to as Chelliah, previously cited in Paper #18, PTO-892) covering its One-to-One electronic commerce application. Chelliah teaches facilitating electronic commerce over the Internet between a plurality of customers, suppliers, and third-party commerce enablers using a variety of communication devices (see at least abstract; Fig. 2 (10); col. 3, line 5 through col. 5, line 3). Chelliah teaches the electronic mall server acting as the storefront server for at least one merchant or connecting to at least one merchant legacy system desiring to retain its proprietary storefront (please note examiner's interpretation: legacy systems act as the second computer system as claimed by the Applicant) (see at least col. 7. lines 53-63). Chelliah further teaches:

Responsive to purchase requests: electronic mall communicating with a
user making product selections and purchases via a user interface
capable of reproducing to audio information to a human being (e.g. touch
tone telephone); customers initiate. Internet-based commerce sessions
with an electronic storefront or a variety storefronts via a web server,

Art Unit: 3625

Page 9

request product information, purchase requested items, make payments, and provide shipping information for delivery (see at least Fig. 1 (10); col. 3, lines 5-14; col. 6, lines 4-57).

- Sending a first request to the second computer system over the Internet: through the user interface, a participant program object communicates a request with a sales representative program object or customer monitoring object which is communication with the commerce server and legacy systems (see at least col. 3, lines 29-45; col. 9, line 62 through col. 10, line 5).
- Receiving a first response from the second computer: through the
 user interface, a participant program object receives a response
 from the sales representative program object in communication with
 the mall server and legacy system (see at least col. 10, line 56
 through col. 11, line 3).
- Providing a confirmation over the user interface: confirms to the customer the order was processed (see at least col. 4, lines 27-29).
- Sending a second request to the second computer system over the Internet: through the user interface, a participant program object communicates a purchase request with a sales representative program object or customer monitoring object which is communication with the commerce server and legacy systems (see at least Fig. 7 (170); col. 9, line 62 through col. 10, line 5).

Art Unit: 3625

Page 10

- o <u>Receiving a second response from the second computer:</u> confirms to the customer through the user interface the purchase request was processed (see at least col. 4, lines 27-29).
- Providing user profile information: (see at least col.9, line 62 through col.
 10, line 2; col. 12, line 40).
- Generating receipts: through the user interface, a participant program
 object communicates a receipt to the customer (see at least col. 12, line
 66 through col. 13, line 3).
- <u>Selecting a merchant storefront:</u> customer selects at least one merchant storefront (see at least abstract; col. 3, lines 29-33).
- Providing selection list: (see at least col. 3, lines 46-56; col. 12, lines 43-50;
- Requiring passwords: (see at least col. 10, lines 27-30).
- Computer system and means: (see at least col. 3, lines 30-45); product databases for viewing and comparing items, secure transaction processing, HTML, Internet protocol, participant program object that contains profile data and demographic data that is used in various phases of a purchase transaction (see at least Fig. 11 (264); col. 9, line 62 through col. 10, line 30; col. 22, lines 9-63).

Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at time of the invention to modify the system and method of VC to implement

BroadVision's One-to-One web commerce application features and functionality

as taught by Chelliah, in order to extend the benefits of personalized web-based services to 800 million telephones and other connected devices, and thereby increase sales for the electronic commerce service.

Claims 4, 22, and 39 are rejected under 35 USC 103(a) as being unpatentable over VC (a collection of articles cited in Paper #18, PTO-892, Items: U-X and VV, and Paper #20050105, PTO-892, Item: U), and PR Newswire (Paper #18, PTO-892, Item: UU), as applied to Claims 2, 20, and 36, further in view of Official Notice (Paper #18, regarding old and well-known as admitted prior art in Paper #21 hereinafter referred to as "ON1").

VC and PR Newswire teach all the above as noted under the 103(a) rejection and teach telephony platforms, but do not specifically disclose using a telephone directory for a reverse lookup for identifying information. The Examiner takes the position that conducting a reverse directory lookup based on telephone numbers to extract customer identifying information is old and well known in the telecommunications industry. Therefore would have been obvious to one or ordinary skill in the art at time of the invention to modify the system and method of VC and PR Newswire to include reverse directory lookup as taught by ON1, in order to provide another approach to cross-referencing customer identifying information, and thereby provide a customer convenience.

Claims 8-10, 26-28, 30, 31, 33-35, 37, 42-44, 56, and 57 are rejected under 3. 35 USC 103(a) as being unpatentable over VC (a collection of articles cited in Paper #18, PTO-892, Items: U-X and VV, and Paper #20050105, PTO-892, Item: U), and PR Newswire (Paper #18, PTO-892, Item: UU), as applied to Claims 1, 19, and 36, further in view of Business Wire (Paper #18, PTO-892, Item: WW).

VC and PR Newswire teach all the above as noted under the 103(a) rejection and teach BroadVision's secure transactions, secure payment systems, and connecting to web servers with web browsers, but do not disclose one or more of HTTP, SSL and HTTPS. Business Wire teaches Internet commerce leader BroadVision using SSL and SET (Secure Electronic Transaction) security protocols. Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at time of the invention to modify the system and method of VC and PR Newswire to include industry standard security protocols at taught by Business Wire, in order to ensure secure interoperability between commerce systems. Pertaining to system Claims 29-35

Rejection of Claims 29-35 is based upon the same rationale as noted above.

4. Claims 16 and 18 are rejected under 35 USC 103(a) as being unpatentable over VC (a collection of articles cited in Paper #18, PTO-892, Items: U-X and VV, and Paper #20050105, PTO-892, Item: U) and PR Newswire (Paper #18, PTO-892, Item: UU), as applied to Claim 1, further in

Art Unit: 3625

view of Official Notice (Paper #18, regarding well within the skill as admitted prior art from Paper #21 hereinafter referred to a "ON2").

Page 13

VC and PR Newswire teach all the above as noted under the 103(a) rejection and teach using a touch-tone telephone as a user interface, but do not disclose decoding touch-tone signals. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at time of the invention to modify the system and method of VC and PR Newswire to disclose decoding touch-tone signals, since it is well within the skill to ascertain that touch-tone telephones transmit signals that require decoding in order to determine which telephone key has been activated by the user.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Robert M. Pond whose telephone number is 571-272-6760. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30AM-5:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ms. Wynn Coggins can be reached on 571-272-7159. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 3625

Page 15

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pairdirect.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (tollfree).

Robert M. Pond **Primary Examiner**

December 12, 2005